How Michael Baker’s iconic New River Gorge Bridge helps transform a West Virginia mountain region every day

Benjy Simpson beams like a kid, even at age 69, as he approaches the giant New River Gorge Bridge atop these steep Appalachian Mountains in the heart of Fayette County, W.Va. Despite knee problems borne of years of mountain climbing, rappelling, white-water rafting and jumping out of airplanes, this outdoorsman-turned-businessman hardly can wait to lead yet another group of visitors across a catwalk just below the deck of his beloved arch bridge.

At the center of the bridge’s iconic steel arch, 1,515 feet across the catwalk, Simpson points down to a convoy of river rafters bucking in the world-class rapids that rip through the gorge some 851 feet below – far enough down to make some bridge walkers gasp, grip the hand rails even more tightly and cautiously measure the distance to the other side.

Simpson, a West Virginia transplant, runs a popular business next to the bridge called Bridge Walk, which has been providing guided catwalk tours of the bridge since his company opened in 2010 in a partnership with the West Virginia Department of Transportation and the National Park Service. As perhaps the bridge’s biggest ambassador, Simpson...
seems to know every detail of the bridge and its history: its corrosion-resistant steel beams, made by U.S.X. Corp. and constructed by its subsidiary, American Bridge; the fact that inspectors can climb inside those beams; the unique expansion rockers where vertical beams meet the arch; the number of ironworkers who built the bridge; and even the spot where the Oprah Winfrey Show once had a woman rappel off the bridge to conquer her fear of heights. He has framed pictures to back him up.

In many ways, Simpson serves as the honorary keeper of the bridge, resident historian, and, as he sometimes refers to himself when watching out for mischief, the Bridge Troll. And his countless bridge tales captivate his visitors, like the time a paraplegic man BASE-jumped off the bridge with a parachute – in his wheelchair – during a recent Bridge Day festival. Or how kids used to sneak up on the bridge's arch during construction in the 1970s and jump off, into a safety net below.

“It was a rite of passage,” he says of the illegal antics, shaking his head.

But there’s one fact about this bridge – memorialized on a U.S. quarter, postage stamp and countless tourist collectibles – which Simpson can’t seem to wait to remind his patrons, and he declares it with a sense of genuine reverence and admiration: The New River Gorge Bridge was designed by Michael Baker International.

“I have a passion for this bridge,” Simpson readily admits. “Not too many people love it like I do.”

A DESTINATION BRIDGE

Who could blame Simpson, though? As this entire region of West Virginia comes together to celebrate this now-historic bridge’s 40th anniversary, we can pause for a moment, not just to contemplate the initial impact of designing an architectural wonder that connected two mountains and their small communities, but also the fact that this four-lane bridge and highway reduced the travel time, mountain to mountain, from 45 minutes down and up a barely two-lane, switch-back road – especially for big trucks – to less than a minute.

“The history of West Virginia can largely be written by its inaccessibility and isolation versus opening the door” with the bridge, says David Perry, a local resident and former state delegate who used to haul steel via truck to the bridge site and whose father, a local pastor, gave the invocation on the day the ironworkers brought the two halves of the steel arch together on the bridge. “It has changed the fabric of the state.”

Instead, let’s consider the fact that this bridge at once captured the world's attention and opened up a highway corridor streamlining travel from Toronto, Canada, all the way down to Miami. At the same time, the bridge has created a rather profound Appalachian gateway and destination for tourists and outdoor enthusiasts from around the world, all looking to explore unique habitat and the region’s coal history, rappel down the side of a mountain, or take on the world-class white-water rapids of the New River Gorge and Gauley River. Or just see the bridge.

“Of the 7,244 bridges in the state of West Virginia, this is the crown jewel,” says Jim Wriston, chief transportation engineer for the West Virginia Department of Transportation’s Division of Highways and in-house local bridge expert, as he calls himself. Wriston grew up nearby, he says, and watched the construction process in the 1970s as he admittedly participated in his own “rite of passage” on occasion with his friends.

Still, he credits the bridge with influencing his decision to become a civil engineer and work for the state. Walking out onto the catwalk with his visitors recently, he shares Simpson’s youthful enthusiasm for the bridge, even with his two shirt-pocket protectors full of pens and his trademark untied necktie.

“This is the bridge,” he proclaims.

A BRIDGE TO ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

Meanwhile, the bridge has opened up new opportunities for the National Park Service, outdoor adventure outfits, resorts, music festival producers and the agriculture
The New River Gorge Bridge’s famous catwalk that takes harnessed visitors over the gorge at a height of 751 feet. Bridge Walk facilitates the tours, in partnership with WVDOT and the National Park Service.
“These are the kinds of opportunities we live for – not only to design great works of infrastructure, but also to make the communities we serve safer, more accessible, more sustainable and more prosperous.”

**CROSSING THE GORGE**

Talk of a bridge over the gorge began as early as 1963, when U.S. President John F. Kennedy directed his Appalachian Regional Commission to come up with a comprehensive economic development plan for the region. Its top priority: developing a modern highway system that would better connect the state. That eventually would include Corridor L, a 70-mile stretch of road that would connect I-79 near Sutton, W.Va., to I-77 in Beckley, W.Va. The commission’s biggest challenge: a short stretch of road that would somehow have to cross over the New River Gorge.

In 1967, the West Virginia State Road Commission hired Michael Baker to design an 11-mile stretch of the highway in Fayette County – including a bridge over the gorge.

According to an application submitted to the National Register of Historic Places by the National Park Service, Michael Baker engineers worked the equivalent of 15 years’ worth of full-time man hours to design the bridge and made more than 4,000 hand calculations. What they designed was a bridge that, at the time, would be the longest steel-arch bridge in the world and one that later would attract imitators and competitors.

“From an engineering and construction viewpoint, this bridge will be truly a most significant undertaking,” according to then-Governor Arch Moore, as reported in The Baker Engineer in 1977. “But, even more importantly, the construction and completion of this project will contribute greatly to the economy of the state in general and the Fayetteville area in particular.” And it did.

**ACCESS TO AN ECOSYSTEM**

National Park Service officials would be the first to acknowledge the economic benefits of the bridge over the years. Today, the park service oversees an estimated 100 miles of wild rivers in the region, as well as federally protected land around the rivers, including several old, abandoned coal towns. It also maintains a bustling and historically robust visitor center and viewing decks along the north rim of the gorge, right next to the bridge and only about 100 yards from the entrance to Bridge Walk.

Today, the National Park Service employs 120 people to manage this recreation area, including 75 permanent positions. The region attracts more than a million visitors annually.

“This bridge has opened the whole area to north and south traffic and created an incredible economic opportunity,” says Lizzie Watts, a National Park superintendent who oversees the New River Gorge region. “There are incredible resources in the New River area, ecosystem-wise. It has one of the highest diversities of plants, including rare and endangered plants, warm-water fisheries, great hiking, boating, biking and birds.

“And,” she adds, “the bridge itself offers our guests a way to get here.”

**A BRIDGE TO WHITE WATER**

Melanie Dragan, whose family is credited with basically creating the white-water rafting industry in the New River Gorge area, says the family faced tremendous challenges in 1968, when it first transplanted from Pittsburgh, Pa., to launch Wildwater Expeditions Ltd. She says her guides would take rafters on two-day “expeditions” along the river because of the isolation and inaccessibility back in those days. That all changed, she says, when the New River Gorge Bridge was built, along with the highway.

“It totally opened up the area, giving easier access for more people to white-water raft,” says Melissa Dragan, Melanie’s daughter, who also guided rafters down the rivers. “The bridge became a connector and increased the popularity of the region. And it helped to develop the tourist area, ecosystem-wise. It has one of the highest diversities of plants, including rare and endangered plants, warm-water fisheries, great hiking, boating, biking and birds.

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**DID YOU KNOW?**

- Michael Baker International was hired in 1967 to design the bridge.
- The bridge cost $37 million to build. It was completed in October 1977.
- The design required 4,759 design calculation sheets and the equivalent of 15 years of full-time man hours.
- The bridge was listed on the National Register of Historic Places after only 34 years.
- The bridge rises 876 feet above the New River Gorge between Lansing and Fayetteville, W.Va.
- The bridge is 3,030.5 feet long, end to end.
- The arch measures 1,700 feet and is the longest steel arch in the country.
- The bridge is the second-longest steel-arch bridge in the world.
"It opened up a whole new world," Gallagher says, "and bridged the gap to a new economy."

THE SENTINEL EVENT OF THE YEAR

Of course, West Virginia continues to celebrate this iconic bridge with its own Bridge Day festival. On the third Saturday of October, the region literally shuts down the bridge for a day to allow visitors the opportunity to walk across the bridge. It’s also the one day of the year when pre-registered BASE jumpers can pay for the opportunity to jump off the bridge and parachute into the gorge.

"It’s like a fair festival on steroids," says Sharon Cruikshank of the Fayette County Chamber of Commerce and Bridge Day Commission chairperson. "It’s the only day people legally are allowed to walk across the bridge. It generates more than a million dollars in one day for the region. It’s phenomenal; it’s iconic."

Fayetteville transplant Bill Wells moved with his wife, Sally, to her hometown of Fayetteville recently to capitalize on the tourism growth around the bridge and Bridge Day. The pair bought a historic 192-acre farm along the main road in town and now is working to restore the farmhouse for special events. In the meantime, the couple also is using the property to host a Bridge Day-weekend bluegrass-music festival called Bridge Jam, complete with food vendors, craft beers, on-site camping and music groups such as the Kentucky Headhunters and Georgia Satellites.

Last year, says wife Sally Wells, the music festival attracted 800 people.“We’ve definitely benefited from the bridge,” she says.

“CONNECTING TWO WORLDS”

William Laird, who served four terms as sheriff of Fayette County before retiring and held a standing position on the Bridge Day Commission, says he sees an even bigger long-term benefit from the bridge and highway corridor.

“I’m a home-grown tomato, and I think this bridge had the effect of connecting two worlds,” says Laird. “I see it as an engineering phenomenon that removed barriers, and not just transportation-wise. It also enhanced economic development. It brought together communities north and south [of the gorge]. It was a true cultural unifier.”

Inside the National Park Service’s New River Gorge Bridge visitor center, which largely showcases the region’s coal history. The visitor center attracts nearly 350,000 visitors a year.
If one ever doubted the iconic status of the now-famous New River Gorge Bridge in Fayette County, W.Va., then the bridge’s 40th anniversary Bridge Day celebration should put any skepticism to rest.

Tens of thousands of people from across the county, state and country gathered on and around this engineering “Wonder of the World” to celebrate the 1977 completion of the bridge – which was designed by Michael Baker International – and its profound economic impact on this rugged West Virginia mountain region.

Michael Baker CEO Brian A. Lutes joined members of the U.S. Congress, the West Virginia Department of Transportation and the National Park Service at a special Bridge Day ceremony to pay tribute to the bridge, its designers, builders and those who have benefited over the years from both the bridge and connecting highway.

Architectural Digest has referred to the New River Gorge Bridge as one of the top 10 remarkable U.S. bridges, combining monumental design, feats of engineering and the natural beauty of the landscape,” Lutes said in his remarks during the ceremony. “Others have described this bridge as one of the Wonders of the World. In fact, no other bridge in our design portfolio has been memorialized on a U.S. quarter, on a U.S. postage stamp or on a souvenir, for that matter.”

The region has been hosting this one-day festival, which includes BASE jumping off the bridge, a zip line and closure of the bridge to allow pedestrians to cross it, annually since the day the bridge first opened.

Lutes said he was honored to be invited to participate on behalf of Michael Baker in this 40th anniversary celebration of a bridge that has served as a “highlight of our 77-year legacy.”

Said Lutes: “This bridge continues to remind us of the importance of imagining a greater future, to challenge nature, economics, culture, technology and even the laws of physics to improve the quality of life for our communities...We’re just as proud of this bridge today as we were when it opened.”